MARCH, 17TH THE DAY **PATRICK** DIED.

SLAVE FOR 6 YEARS







WHEN HE WAS 16 YEARS HE
WAS CAPTURED BY IRISH
PIRATES. HE ESCAPED AFTER 6
YEARS BUT RETURNED TO
IRELAND TO BECOME A
CHRISTIAN PRIEST.

Shamrock





SAINT PATRICK USED THE SHAMROCK (OR 3-LEAFED CLOVER) TO EXPLAIN THE CHRISTIAN RELIGION TO THE IRISH. THIS SHAMROCK REPRESENTS "THE HOLY TRINITY". THAT IS: THE FATHER, THE SON AND THE HOLY GHOST OR HOLY SPIRIT.

IRISH CELTIC CROSS

THE BASIC CELIFICATIONS IS A SYMBOL COMPRISING A CONVENIEDNAL CROSS WITH A RING ARCHIVE INTERSECTION OF THE STEM WHILE THESE CROSSES WITH USSOCIATED WITH ALL CHRESCHAR ORIGINALSINESTERLIC IRRIDAND AND WHEN PROBABILY INTERODUCED TO SCOTE AND WARLES AND PARTS OF HIGH WINDER THE CHRISTIKAN MISSIONARIES

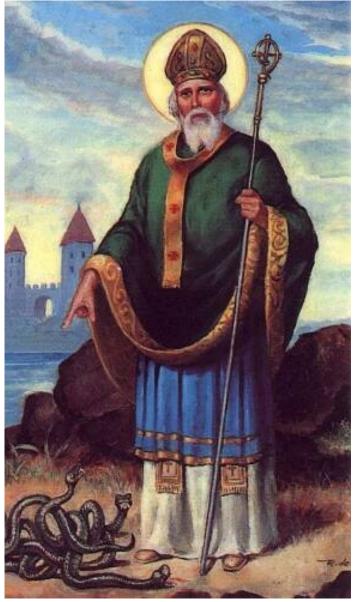
ST. PATRICK & THE SNAKES

If you don't wear green you'll get pinched It's not clear what sense that makes Because St. Patrick's Day is really about Clearing the land of snakes

> Long ago, the legends tell us Ireland was a snaky land The people lived in fear of them Till St. Patrick gave a command

> He sent the snakes away
> And now people celebrate
> A holy man in their history
> Who helped make Ireland great





Irish Music











LEPRECHAUNS

THEY ARE SOLITARY CREATURES WHO SPEND THEIR TIME MAKING AND MENDING SHOES AND HAVE A HIDDEN POT OF GOLD AT THE END OF THE RAINBOW. IF CAPTURED BY A HUMAN, THE LEPRECHAUN HAS THE MAGICAL POWER TO GRANT THREE WISHES IN EXCHANGE

FOR THEIR FREEDOM







ST PATRICK'S DAY TRADITIONAL FOODS

CORNED BEEF AND CABBAGE. FESTIVE DESSERTS. IRISH STEW AND SOUR BREAD.









PARADES





















END OF THE

4TH CENTURY

SAINT PATRICK TRADITIONALLY
WEARS GREEN THE NATIONAL
COLOR OF IRELAND.

THE CHICAGO RIVER

